TRAINING AND TESTING SPECIFICATIONS FOR LEARNING DOMAIN #33 ARREST AND CONTROL METHODS/DEFENSIVE TACTICS

July 1, 2011 February 1, 2014

		Other	Basic	Cours	es	
RBC	832	III	II	I	SIBC	Requal
	032	111	11	1	SIBC	
X	X	X		X	X	X
X	X	X		X	X	X
X X	X X	X X		X X	X X	X X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X		X	X	X

I. LEARNING NEED

For their own safety and the safety of others, peace officers must maintain awareness and respond appropriately when confronted by a potential hazard or threat.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- A. Demonstrate principles of defensive arrest and control tactics, to include:
 - 1. Awareness
 - 2. Balance
 - 3. Control
- B. Describe the areas of the body which require maximum protection during an attackparts of an officer's body that are most vulnerable to serious injury
- C. Describe parts of an officer's body that may be used as personal weapons during an arrest/detention to control a combative and/or resistive subject for self defense or to overcome resistance by a subject

II. LEARNING NEED

Conducting a person search can be dangerous for peace officers. A peace officer's actions and reactions in these situations should always allow for a margin of safety while maintaining a position of advantage.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

A. Explain factors to consider when approaching a subject and conducting a plain view search

		Other	Basic	Cours	es	
RBC	832	III	II	I	SIBC	Requal
X	X	X		X	X	X
X	X	X		X	X	X
X	X	X		X	X	X
X	X	X		X	X	X
X	X	X		X	X	X
X	X	X		X	X	X
X	X	X		X	X	X
X	X	X		X	X	X

- B. Demonstrate an systematic approach to safely and effectively conduct a person search
- C. Discuss locations where weapons and/or contraband can be concealed on a subject's body
- D. Explain agency considerations and restrictions that may be common regarding a search of a person of the opposite sex
- E. Explain cover officer responsibilities
- F. Discuss cover officer responsibilities during a search of a subject

III. LEARNING NEED

Peace officers must be ready and physically capable of taking control of a subject and to justify their actions if the subject refuses to follow verbal commands, physically resists, or attempts to attack the peace officer during a detention or arrest situation.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- A. Discuss a peace officer's justification to use <u>control holds and takedown techniques controlling force</u> on a subject
- B. Explain advantages and limitations a peace officer should consider when applying a control hold
- C. Explain advantages and limitations a peace officer should consider when performing a takedown technique

IV. LEARNING NEED

Peace officers must know the advantages of the use of a Ccarotid Rrestraint Ccontrol Hhold, the risks involved, the follow-up procedures, and safety precautions.

			Other	Basic	Cours	es	
	RBC	832	III	II	I	SIBC	Requal
	X				X	X	
Ì	X				X	X	
-	X X X				X X X	X X X	
	X				X	X	
-	X				X	X	
	<u>X</u>				<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	
	<u>X</u>				<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	
	X				X	X	
	X				X	X	

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- A. Discuss the justification for using the Ccarotid Restraint Ccontrol Hhold
- B. Describe factors which cause unconsciousness <u>and physiological responses</u> when a <u>Ccarotid Rrestraint</u> <u>Ccontrol Hhold is applied, to include:</u>
 - 1. Structures of the human neck
 - 2. Breathing
 - 3. Circulation
- C. <u>Demonstrate the prescribed application of the Describe potential hazards associated with the proper or improper application of a Ccarotid Restraint Ccontrol Hhold, to include:</u>
 - 1. Physiological responses a subject may experience
- D. Describe potential effects associated with the improper application of a carotid restraint control hold, to include:
 - 1. Physiological responses a subject may experience
- <u>**DE**</u>. Demonstrate procedures for handling a subject after a <u>**C**</u>carotid <u>**R**</u>restraint <u>**C**</u>control <u>**Hh**</u>old has been applied
- Explain procedures regarding medical care after a Ccarotid Rrestraint Ccontrol Hhold has been applied

V. LEARNING NEED

The application of a restraint device (i.e., handcuffs, plastic flex cuffs, leg restraint devices, full body restraints) on a subject can be a difficult and potentially dangerous task for a peace officer. Peace officers must be proficient in the use of proper methods to ensure their safety and the safety of the subjects.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

			Other	Basic	Cours	es	
	RBC	832	Ш	II	I	SIBC	Requal
	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	X	X	X		X	X	X
	X	X	X		X	X	X
	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>		<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>
İ	X	X	X		X	X	X
	X		X	X	X	X	X
	X		X	X	X	X	X
	X		X	X	X	X	X
	X		X	X	X	X	X
	X		X	X	X	X	X

- A. Explain the purpose of using restraint devices on a subject
- B. Explain potential hazards when using handcuffs as a restraint devices on a subject
- C. Demonstrate the <u>proper application and correct positioning of handcuffs on a subject</u>
- D. Explain various double-locking mechanisms on handcuffs
- Discuss responsibilities of the contact and cover officers when handcuffing multiple subjects

VI. LEARNING NEED

Peace officers must maintain control of their firearm(s) and, when appropriate, be physically capable of disarming a subject.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- A. Describe factors involved in retaining a peace officer's firearm
- B. Demonstrate the basic techniques for peace officers to safely maintain control of their firearm in a physical conflict
- C. Discuss a peace officer's tactical considerations when confronted by an armed subject
- D. Discuss tactical considerations when disarming a subject
- E. Discuss the justification for a peace officer to continually train in arrest methods, weapon retention and takeaway

		Other	Basic	Cours	es		
RBC	832	III	II	I	SIBC	Requa	l
		X	X				
X			X	X			
X	x x x		X				
X			X	X	_		
X		X		X	X	X	
71		71		71	71	71	
<u>X</u>	<u>X</u> <u>X</u> <u>X</u>						
<u>X</u>				<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>		
<u>X</u>				<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>		

			Other	Basic	Cours	es	
	RBC	832	Ш	II	I	SIBC	Requal
I	<u>X</u>				<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	
İ	<u>X</u>				<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	
	<u>X</u> <u>X</u> <u>X</u> <u>X</u>				<u>X</u> <u>X</u> <u>X</u> <u>X</u>	<u>X</u> <u>X</u> <u>X</u> <u>X</u>	
I	<u>X</u>				<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	
	X	X	X	X		X	X
	X	X	X	X		X	X
	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	X X	X X	X X	X X	X X	X X	X X

- D. Demonstrate defenses from choke holds
- E. Demonstrate escape and/or reversal skill(s) on the ground including the following positions:
- 1. Top mount
 2. Back mount
 3. Side mount
 4. Guard
 - F. Demonstrate weapon retention from various positions on the ground

VIIIIX. LEARNING NEED

When transporting a prisoner, peace officers must recognize that the unpredictable nature of prisoners can create a serious threat. Officers must be aware of safety hazards and appropriate transporting procedures to ensure their safety and the safety of the prisoner.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- A. Describe common transporting procedures that maximize officer safety and prevent prisoner escape
- B. Describe the safe and secure positioning of a prisoner in an officer's vehicle

$\underline{\mathsf{IX}}\underline{\mathsf{X}}$. REQUIRED TESTS

Exercise testing is mandated and regulated by POST Commission Procedure D-1, which states:

Academies/presenters shall provide the following to students who fail a required exercise test on the first attempt:

- An opportunity to review their results
- A reasonable amount of time, as determined by the academy/presenter, to prepare for a retest

		Other	Basic			
RBC	832	Ш	II	I	SIBC	Requal
X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X				X	X	X
X X X X				X X X X	X X X X	X X X X
X				X	X	X
X X X X X				X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X X

- An opportunity to be tested on the failed test, if the student fails the second test, the student fails the course

Required exercise testing for each format of the basic course is set forth in the Training and Testing Specifications (TTS). The student is required to successfully pass each exercise test outlined below for the specific course of instruction the student is enrolled in.

ARREST AND CONTROL METHODS/DEFENSIVE TACTICS SAFETY

All <u>arrest_Arrest and Control_methods/defensive tactics_exercise</u> testing must be conducted under written academy/presenter safety procedures and/or protocols established in accordance with the POST safety guidelines. Students are required to comply with every aspect of presenter safety procedures and/or protocols during <u>aArrest and Control_methods/defensive tactics_training and testing.</u>

All one on one force on force exercise testing must be conducted with a safety officer/referee overseeing the test. The safety officer/referee has absolute control over the test and can call a halt to or stop the exercise test anytime the risk for student/staff injury exists.

- A. An exercise test that requires the student to demonstrate competency in the ability to conduct the following searches:
 - Visual Search
 - Cursory/Pat/Frisk Search
 - Full Body Search Incident to Arrest
 - High Risk Search

- 1. Safety
- 2. Awareness
- 3. Balance
- 4. Control
- 5. Controlling Force
- 6. Proper Techniques

			Other	Basic	Cours	es	
	RBC	832	Ш	II	I	SIBC	Requal
	X				X	X	X
l	X				X	X	X
	X				X	X	X
	X				X	X	X
	X X X X X X				X X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X X X
	X				X	X	X
	X				X	X	X
	X				X	X	X
	X X X X X X				X X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X X X

7. Verbal Commands/Instructions

Presenters must use the POST-developed Arrest <u>and Control</u> <u>Methods/Defensive Tacties</u>_Competency Exercise Test Form or a presenter-developed form approved by POST, which minimally includes the performance dimensions used for this exercise test.

B. An exercise test that requires the student to demonstrate competency in effective handcuffing technique(s).

The student will demonstrate competency in the following performance dimensions:

- 1. Safety
- 2. Awareness
- 3. Balance
- 4. Control
- 5. Controlling Force
- 6. Proper Techniques
- 7. Verbal Commands/Instructions

Presenters must use the POST-developed Arrest <u>and Control Methods/Defensive Tactics</u> Competency Exercise Test Form or a presenter-developed form approved by POST, which minimally includes the performance dimensions used for this exercise test.

C. An exercise test that requires the student to demonstrate competency in a minimum of two control hold techniques.

- 1. Safety
- 2. Awareness
- 3. Balance
- 4. Control
- 5. Controlling Force
- 6. Proper Techniques
- 7. Verbal Commands/Instructions

			Other	Basic	Cours	es	
	RBC	832	Ш	II	I	SIBC	Requal
	X				X	X	X
	X				X	X	X
	X				X	X	X
	X X X X X X				X X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X X X
	X				X	X	X
Î	X				X	X	
l	X				X	X	
	X X X X X X X				X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X	

Presenters must use the POST-developed Arrest <u>and Control Methods/Defensive Tactics</u> Competency Exercise Test Form or a presenter-developed form approved by POST, which minimally includes the performance dimensions used for this exercise test.

D. An exercise test that requires the student to demonstrate competency in a minimum of two \pm takedown techniques.

The student will demonstrate competency in the following performance dimensions:

- 1. Safety
- 2. Awareness
- 3. Balance
- 4. Control
- 5. Controlling Force
- 6. Proper Techniques
- 7. Verbal Commands/Instructions

Presenters must use the POST-developed Arrest <u>and Control Methods/Defensive Tactics-Competency</u> Exercise Test Form or a presenter-developed form approved by POST, which minimally includes the performance dimensions used for this exercise test.

E. An exercise test that requires the student to demonstrate competency in the \underline{c} Carotid \underline{r} Restraint \underline{c} Control hHold.

- 1. Safety
- 2. Awareness
- 3. Balance
- 4. Control
- 5. Controlling Force
- 6. Proper Techniques
- 7. Verbal Commands/Instructions
- 8. First Aid Assessment

			Other	Basic	Cours	es	
	RBC	832	Ш	II	I	SIBC	Requal
I	X				X	X	
	X			X	X	X	X
	X			X	X	X	X
	X X			X X	X X	X X	X X
	X X			X X	X X	X X	X X
	X X			X X	X X	X X	X X
1	X			X	X	X	X
	X			X	X	X	X
	X		X	X	X	X	X
	X		X	X	X	X	X
1	X X		X X	X X	X X	X X	X X
	X		X	X	X	X	X
	X X		X X	X X	X X	X X	X X
	X X X		X X X	X X X	X X X	X X X	X X X

Presenters must use the POST-developed Arrest <u>and Control Methods/Defensive Tactics</u> Competency Exercise Test Form or a presenter-developed form approved by POST, which minimally includes the performance dimensions used for this exercise test.

F. An exercise test that requires the student to demonstrate competency in <u>a Hh</u>andgun <u>t</u>Takeaway techniques including a minimum of one handgun takeaway technique from both the front and rear position.

The student will demonstrate competency in the following performance dimensions:

- 1. Safety
- 2. Awareness
- 3. Balance
- 4. Control
- 5. Controlling Force
- 6. Proper Techniques
- 7. Verbal Commands/Instructions

Presenters must use the POST-developed Arrest <u>and Control Methods/Defensive Tactics</u> Competency Exercise Test Form or a presenter-developed form approved by POST, which minimally includes the performance dimensions used for this exercise test.

- G. An exercise test that requires the student to demonstrate competency in handgun retention techniques. The exercise will include ing a minimum of one technique to be demonstrated from the following positions:
 - A holstered handgun front retention technique
 - A holstered handgun rear retention technique
 - An unholstered handgun retention technique

- 1. Safety
- 2. Awareness
- 3. Balance
- 4. Control

			Other	Basic	Cours	es	
	RBC	832	III	II	I	SIBC	Requal
	X X X		X X X	X X X	X X X	X X X	X X X
	X		X	X	X	X	X
	X		X		X	X	X
ļ	X		X		X	X	X
	X X X X X X X		X X X X X X X X		X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X
		X X X X	X X X X				

- 5. Controlling Force
- 6. Proper Techniques
- 7. Verbal Commands/Instructions

Presenters must use the POST-developed Arrest <u>and Control Methods/Defensive Tactics</u> Competency Exercise Test Form or a presenter-developed form approved by POST, which minimally includes the performance dimensions used for this exercise test.

H. An exercise test that requires the student to demonstrate <u>competency in</u> the <u>effective</u> use of an <u>Fi</u>mpact <u>w</u> weapon(s).

The student will demonstrate competency in the following performance dimensions:

- 1. Safety
- 2. Awareness
- 3. Balance
- 4. Control
- 5. Controlling Force
- 6. Proper Techniques
- 7. Verbal Commands/Instructions
- 8. First Aid Assessment

Presenters must use the POST-developed Arrest <u>and Control Methods/Defensive Tactics</u> Competency Exercise Test Form or a presenter-developed form approved by POST, which minimally includes the performance dimensions used for this exercise test.

Exercise tests developed by POST that specifically prescribes the PC 832/Module III <u>Arrest and Control defensive</u> tactics techniques which requires the student to demonstrate basic search and control methods.

- I. An exercise test that requires the student to demonstrate competency in the ability to conduct the following searches.
 - Visual Search
 - Cursory/Pat/Frisk Search
 - Full Body Search Incident to Arrest

	DD 6		Other	Basic	Cours	es	
	RBC	832	III	II	I	SIBC	Requal
1		X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X X				
		X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X				

The student will demonstrate competency in the following performance dimensions:

- 1. Safety
- 2. Awareness
- 3. Balance
- 4. Control
- 5. Controlling Force
- 6. Proper Techniques
- 7. Verbal Commands/Instructions

Presenters must use the POST-developed PC 832/Module III Arrest and Control Methods/Defensive Tactics Competency Exercise Test Form or a presenter-developed form approved by POST, which minimally includes the performance dimensions used for this exercise test.

J. An exercise test that requires the student to demonstrate competency in effective handcuffing technique(s).

The student will demonstrate competency in the following performance dimensions:

- 1. Safety
- 2. Awareness
- 3. Balance
- 4. Control
- 5. Controlling Force
- 6. Proper Techniques
- 7. Verbal Commands/Instructions

Presenters must use the POST-developed PC 832/Module III Arrest and Control Methods/Defensive Tactics Competency Exercise Test Form or a presenter-developed form approved by POST, which minimally includes the performance dimensions used for this exercise test.

	RBC						
		832	III	II	I	SIBC	Requal
		X	X				
		X X X X X X	X X X X X X				
		X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X				
1							

K. An exercise test that requires the student to demonstrate competency in a minimum of one control hold technique.

The student will demonstrate competency in the following performance dimensions:

- 1. Safety
- 2. Awareness
- 3. Balance
- 4. Control
- 5. Controlling Force
- 6. Proper Techniques
- 7. Verbal Commands/Instructions

Presenters must use the POST-developed PC 832/Module III Arrest and Control Methods/Defensive Tactics Competency Exercise Test Form or a presenter-developed form approved by POST, which minimally includes the performance dimensions used for this exercise test.

L. An exercise test that requires the student to demonstrate competency in a minimum of one <u>t</u>Takedown technique.

The student will demonstrate competency in the following performance dimensions:

- 1. Safety
- 2. Awareness
- 3. Balance
- 4. Control
- 5. Controlling Force
- 6. Proper Techniques
- 7. Verbal Commands/Instructions

Presenters must use the POST-developed PC 832/Module III Arrest and Control Methods/Defensive Tactics Competency Exercise Test Form or a presenter-developed form approved by POST, which minimally includes the performance dimensions used for this exercise test.

Other Basic Courses						
RBC	832	III	II	I	SIBC	Requal
X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X X X
<u>X</u>	Λ	Λ	Λ	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>
<u>X</u>				<u>X</u>		
X X X X X X X X X X X				X X X X X X X X X X		
60	10	24	16	32	60	30

	Other Basic Courses									
RBC	832	III	II	I	SIBC	Requal				
							XII.	ORIGINATION DATE		
								January 1, 2001		
							XIII.	REVISION DATE		
								January 1, 2004 January 1, 2006 January 19, 2007 July 1, 2008	January 1, 2009 July 1, 2009 July 1, 2010 July 1, 2011	February 1, 2014